**ITCS 1212L**

**Lab 5**

# Advanced Selection & Functions

**Learning Objectives:**

* **Practice more with if-else-if and switch statements.**
* **To understand the concept of scope**
* **To understand the difference between static, local and global variables**
* **Practice with functions that can return more than a value and their parameter’s scope is not local to the function**
* **Input validation**
* **Practice more with web services**

**Lab 5A:**

Find the difference between two types of returning values.

Implement the following function prototypes (which take hours of work as integer and the rate of pay as float and calculates the net-payment as float) on paper. Also, write a main function which calls both functions. Compare the calculated net values and show the proper message whether or not they match. Name your variables as hours, rate, and netPay.

float calNetPay(int, float);

void calNetPay2(float&, int, float);

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**Lab 5B:**

Based on the flowchart of the prelab, develop the following program which is web services based:

1. Present the user with a list of options, 1-3 with proper message as indicated below.
2. Get the user’s choice.
3. If it is one, show the max temperature for zipcode 28223.
4. If it is two, show the min temperature for zipcode 28223.
5. If it is three, exit the program.

In implementing your program, make sure to define menu() function prototype as follows:

int menu();

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**Lab 5C:**

You saw the following menu-driven program before which calculates the charges for a health club membership. This time, it is a complete code.

#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

// Function protoypes

char showMenu();

double calculateMembershipRate(char, int);

void displayMembershipRate(double);

int main()

{

// Declare variables

char choice; // To hold menu choice

int months; // To hold the number of months

double membershipRate; // To calculate the membership rates

// Function call to display the menu and return the menu

// choice

choice = showMenu();

// Accept number of months and calculate membership rates if user chooses A, B or C

if(choice != 'D') {

// Get the number of months

cout << "For how many months: " << endl;

cin >> months;

// Make a function call to calculate the membership rates. Send choice, and months as parameters

membershipRate = calculateMembershipRate(choice, months);

// Make a function call to display the final membership rate

displayMembershipRate(membershipRate);

}

else {

cout << "Goodbye !" << endl;

}

return 0;

}

// Function definition to display the menu choice and return the choice to the user

char showMenu()

{

char userChoice;

// Display the menu choices to the user

cout << "\nHealth Club Membership Menu" << endl;

cout << "A. Standard Adult Membership " << endl;

cout << "B. Child Membership " << endl;

cout << "C. Senior Citizen Membership " << endl;

cout << "D. Quit " << endl;

cout << "Enter (A, B, C or D) as your membership choice: " << endl;

cin >> userChoice;

// Return the menu choice back to the user

return userChoice;

}

// Function definition to calculate membership rate for the user based on user choice and number of months

double calculateMembershipRate(char userChoice, int numMonths)

{

// Constants for membership rates

const double ADULT = 40.00;

const double CHILD = 20.00;

const double SENIOR = 30.00;

double rate = 0; // Variable to hold the membership rate

// Switch between user choice

switch(userChoice)

{

case 'A': // calculate the mebership rate for adult

rate = numMonths \* ADULT;

break;

case 'B': // calculate the membership rate for child

rate = numMonths \* CHILD;

break;

case 'C': // calculate the membership rate for senior

rate = numMonths \* SENIOR;

break;

default: // Invalid choice

cout << "Invalid Choice" << endl;

}

// Return the rate back to the main function

return rate;

}

// Function call to display the membership rate to the user

void displayMembershipRate(double finalRate)

{

cout << "The total charges are: $" << finalRate << endl;

}

a) Execute the program and explain how it works.

b) We want to add the following functions to this program. The integer parameter is the number of family members. For each member up to 3 members For the first additional member 15% discount will be assigned, for the second member 10% discount will be assigned , and for the third member only 5% discount will be calculated. Implement the function and call it in the proper place.

double calculateMembershipDiscount(int);

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**Lab 5D: Winning Division**

Write a program that determines which of a company’s four divisions (Northeast, Southeast, Northwest, and Southwest) had the greatest sales for a quarter. It should include the following two functions, which are called by your main() function:

* double getSales() is passed the name of a division (string). It asks the user for a division’s quarterly sales figure, validates the input, then returns it. It should be called once for each division.
* void findHighest() is passed the four sales total as parameters. It determines which is the largest and prints the name of the high grossing division, along with its sales figure.

*Input Validation: Do not accept dollar amount less than $0.00*

You need to follow your flow chart and implement this program. Show different results for this program for different inputs.

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**Lab 5E: Safest Driving Area**

Write a program that determines which of the four geographic regions within a major city (North, South, East, and West) had the fewest reported automobile accidents last year. It should have the following two functions, which are called by the main() function:

* int getNumAccidents() is passed the name of a region (string) as parameter. It asks the user for the number of automobile accidents reported in that region during the last year, validates the input, then returns it. It should be called once for every city region.
* void findLowest() is passed the four accident totals as parameter. It determines which is the smallest and prints the name of the region, along with its accident figure.

*Input Validation: Do not accept an accident number that is less than 0.*

Based on the logic of the program (flowchart or pseudo-code), implement the program and show the results of it for different inputs.

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**Lab 5F: Celsius to Fahrenheit and (vice versa) Temperature Convertor**

This lab is asking you to write a program that converts Celsius to Fahrenheit (and vice versa) from a menu option. After selecting which conversion from the menu, the program should accept the Temperature from the user and pass it as a parameter to one of the two functions named f2c\_Convertor or c2f\_Convertor. The function should get and return the temperature after conversion as float.

The formula for converting a temperature for Celsius to Fahrenheit and vice versa are shown below:

F = (9/5) \* C + 32

And

C = (5/9) \* (F – 32)

where:

F is Fahrenheit temperature returned by your function

C is Celsius temperature passed to your function

Implement the program and show the results for different inputs.

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